

Standard of Practice:

Medical/Surgical Procedures in Non-Hospital Facilities (2018)

A **Standard of Practice** is the minimum standard of professional behavior and ethical conduct expected by the College on a specific issue.

Medical/Surgical Procedures in Non-Hospital Facilities

Preamble

The College is aware that physicians are performing certain procedures in their medical clinics. This standard of practice sets out the College's expectations when performing medical/surgical procedures outside of a hospital facility.

Standard of Practice

Definitions

"Medical/Surgical Procedure" – a course of action intended to achieve a result in the delivery of healthcare. Includes procedures intended to diagnose and measure a patient's condition as well as therapeutic procedures intended to treat, cure, or restore function or structure. Examples include, <u>but are not limited to</u>: medical imaging, endoscopy, acupuncture, infusions, BOTOX®, chemical peels, tissue filler/expanders, refractive eye surgery, and sedation.

Standard

The following standards must be met by any physician who performs medical/surgical procedures in non-hospital medical facilities:

1. The physician must be qualified by his/her training and recent practice experience to perform the procedure and to be aware of applicable national standards and guidelines relating to the procedure.

- 2. The appropriate supports and quality assurance measures which meet national standards, where available, must be in place for the safe performance of the procedure. This includes:
 - a. equipment, medication, quality control measures, and safe process within available current guidelines;
 - b. certification in resuscitation as appropriate for the nature of the procedure;
 - c. medical staffing with documented appropriate expertise and clear responsibilities and oversight;
 - d. infection prevention and control practices which meet national standards, where available; and
 - e. a plan to manage adverse events during the course of the procedure and post-procedure.
- 3. A documented and communicated arrangement must be in place with the patient for follow-up care.
- 4. The physician must communicate with other physicians involved in the patent's circle of care, if appropriate.

Document History

Approved by Council	June 16, 2018
Reviewed & Updated	
Expected Review Date	June 16, 2023
Publication Date	June 21, 2018